If you have an apple and I have an apple and we exchange apples then you and I will still each have one apple. But if you have an idea and I have an idea and we exchange these ideas, then each of us will have two ideas.

George Bernard Shaw

Irish dramatist & socialist (1856 - 1950)



Organization of Public Health Services in Israel

Itamar Grotto, Director, Public Health Services
Udi Kaliner, Assistant to Director of Public Health Services
Emilia Anis, Director, Epidemiology Division, Public Health Services
Jerusalem, 14 March, 2013.



Overview

- The origin of the Public Health System in Israel
- Public Health Services in Israel today
- Main challenges of public health in the 21st century

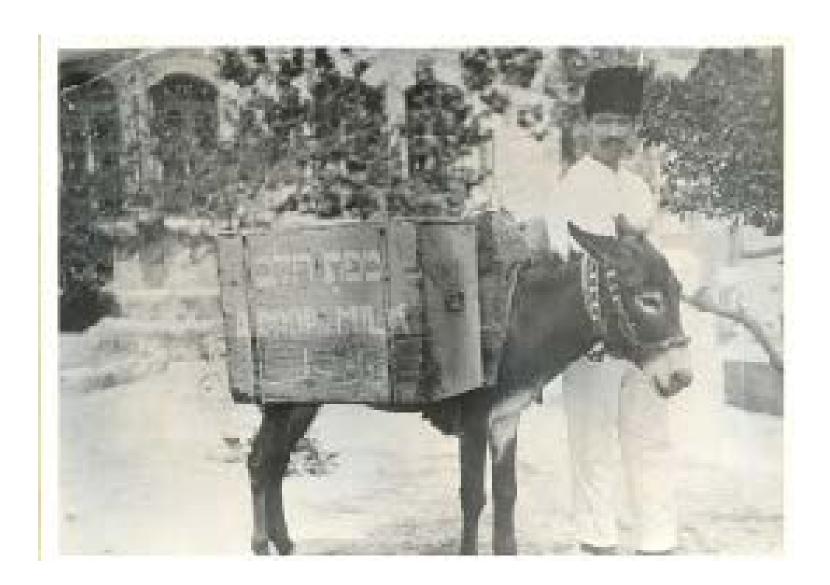
The British mandate in Israel 1918-1948

- The health authorities were responsible mainly for public health
- Division of the country into sanitary districts managed by District Health Officers
- Laws and regulations were applied as "ordinances" e.g. "Public Health Ordinance of 1940"
- Health care services were the responsibility of the "natives"



1953- Public Health Services were established with 4 major components:

- Adopting the British mandate structure with regard to sanitary districts, an epidemiology department and the public health lab.
- Special health services for new immigrants ("Olim")
- Hadassah inheritance: well baby clinics ("Drops of Milk"" Goutte du Lait") and school health services
- Anti- tuberculosis League.





WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION

Regional Office for Europe

For achievement worthy of international recognition,
this WHO 50th anniversary commemorative certificate for a national community-based women and/or children's health project that promotes health for all values of equity, solidarity, participation, intersectoral approaches and partnership is awarded to:

Mother and child health clinics



Public Health Services in Israel today



The Mission Statement of the Israeli Public Health Service

To promote health and quality of life of the individual and the community through disease prevention and the creation of a healthy and supportive environment for the entire Israeli population.



Classic Roles of the PHS

Health promotion – health education on the population level.

National 5 year plan for active and healthy lifestyle





Classic Roles of the PHS

- Health protection against environmental hazards.
 - Food safety and quality
 - Water safety and quality

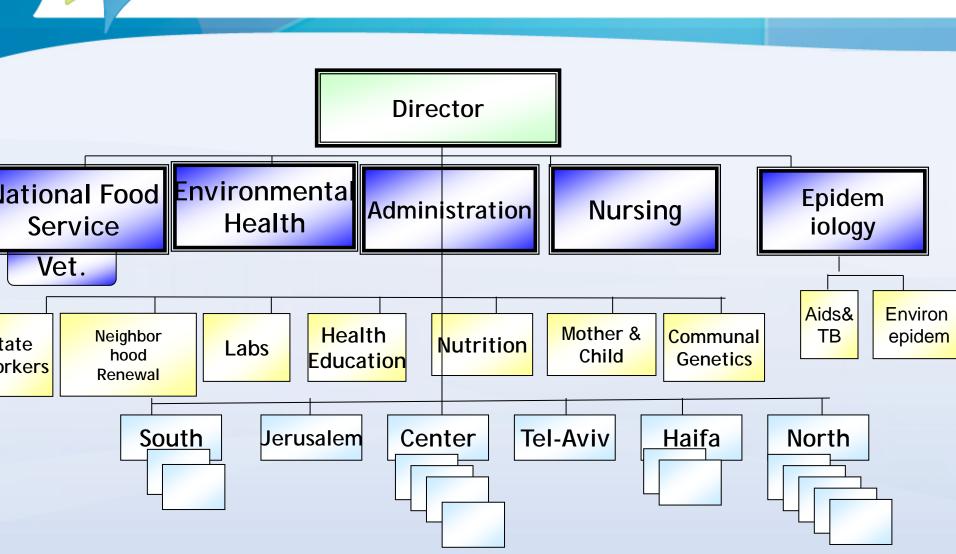


Classic Roles of the PHS

- Health prevention on individual level
 - Identify outbreaks / epidemics.
 - Monitoring trends of morbidity (place, time, people).
 - Interventions to limit morbidity /mortality









Staffing of PHS

- > Public Health Physicians
- Public Health Nurses
- > Physicians: Pediatricians & Obstetricians
- > Environmental engineers
- > Food technicians
- > Paramedical Professionals
- > Secretarial Assistance.



District Health Offices

The district and sub-district health offices:

- Administer and integrate the public health policy of the Ministry of Health.
- Perform mini-ministerial duties (PH and other ministerial functions).
- Identify regional health problems
- Institute special programs and integrate nationally designated programs.



Prevention



Specific PHS target populations

- Antenatal care
- Children from birth to 6 years of age.
- Students
 - primary schools
 - > secondary schools
 - education for the disabled (network of special education facilities).



Operation of Preventive Medicine Services

 The services are supplied all over the country in a wide network of ~1000 "Mother and Child Health Clinics"

 The services are provided by the PHS, HMOs and municipalities.



Preventive Health Services for Individuals and Families

- Primary Prevention Health promotion and specific prevention
- Health promotion & education in health topics: nutrition, breast-feeding, safety, child development, family planning, pre-natal services (using folic acid), etc.
- Counseling for the health and welfare of children and their families.
- Routine Immunization program.

Routine immunization schedule of infants and children in Israel, 2013

Birth	HB			
1 month	НВ			
2 months		DTaP-HIB-IPV	Rota	Pneumo
4 months		DTaP-HIB-IPV	Rota	Pneumo
6 months	НВ	DTaP-HIB-IPV	Rota	
12 months		DTaP-HIB-IPV	MMRV	Pneumo
18 months	НА			
24 months	НА			
6 yrs			MMRV	
7 yrs		DTaP-IPV		
13 yrs		DTaP		MINISTRY OF HEALTH



Registry of AEFI

- Since 1987, the Epidemiology Division has maintained a registry of vaccine side effects, as reported by vaccine providers to the District Health Offices.
- The Division of Epidemiology performs ongoing assessment of AEFI as they arrive.
- In rare instances, apparently important but doubtful cases are presented to a standing committee of external experts.



Preventive Health Services for Individuals and Families

Secondary Prevention – Early detection and

Treatment

Routine screening tests for children:

- Growth and development evaluation
- Physical examinations
- Hearing, eyesight, communication.







Preventive Health Services for Individuals and Families

Tertiary Prevention – reduce complications & rehabilitation.

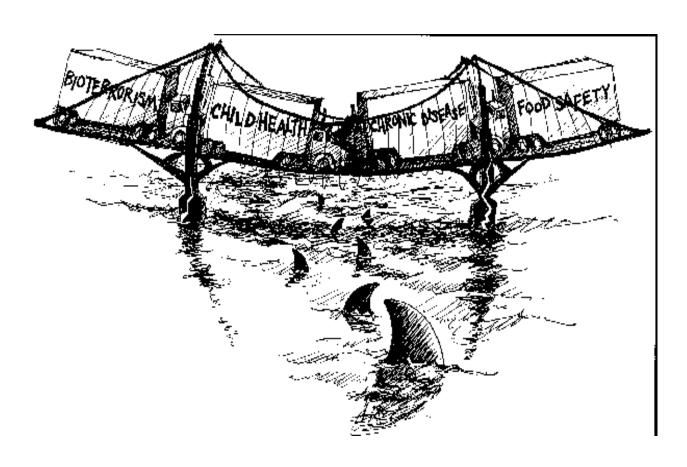
Children with special needs (schools).

"The Fourth World" families.





The challenges of public health in the 21st century





The challenges of public health in the 21st century

