14 years of support to the control and prevention of viral hepatitis in Europe.

Content

- Viral Hepatitis Prevention Board (VHPB)
- VHPB activities
- Hepatitis B control in Europe

- The objective of VHPB is to contribute to the control and prevention of viral hepatitis
 - by drawing the attention to this important public health problem
 - by issuing prevention guidelines
 - and by encouraging actions to improve control and prevention.
- VHPB focus audiences are, in first instance, opinion leaders, policymakers, and health care professionals.

- VHPB is established in 1992. First actions related to hepatitis B as an occupational risk.
- World Health Assembly sets in 1992 Hepatitis B Vaccination targets on the integration of hepatitis B vaccine into national childhood vaccination programmes.
- In 1993, VHPB started a second major initiative and focused on hepatitis B as a community health risk.
- The geographical focus was initially Western Europe, its actions are extended to include all 53 countries in the WHO/EURO

• members

- CDC, WHO/HQ, WHO/EURO, MOH, Universities

• network of experts

- Meetings
 - 2 3 meetings/year
- Viral Hepatitis Newsletter
 - 2 issues/year
 - mailing to apr. 4500 readers
- Web site
- Scientific publications
- Participation at Scientific Meetings

WIRAL HEPATITIS

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Editorial

This issue of *Viral Hepatitis* reviews the topics covered at the Viral Hepatitis Prevention Board (VHPB) autumn meeting held on November 17-18, 2005 in Edinburgh, United Kingdom (UK). The aim of the meeting was to review the current UK practice relating to the control of viral hepatitis. Health policy, healthcare delivery, decision-making, research, and funding in England, Wales, Scotland, and Northern Ireland were examined, in particular with regards to their implementation at national level. An update on the epidemiological situation of hepatitis A, hepatitis B, and hepatitis C in the UK was provided. Specific aspects of viral hepatitis were discussed, including virological and clinical aspects, control measures, public health perspectives, and economic evaluations. Preventive national and regional strategies for the control of viral hepatitis in the UK were then presented and assessed, including testing, vaccination, and treatment options. The meeting was concluded with lessons learnt from the UK experience and future challenges to be met.

Control of viral hepatitis in the UK - achievements and challenges

With regards to the decision-making process ensuring prevention of viral hepatitis, the need was recognised for a continuous evaluation of the current risk-group vaccination policy, to be compared with results obtained with alternative strategies, such as universal vaccination programmes, in other comparable countries of the European Union. The need to carefully monitor such alternative strategies implemented at the regional level in the UK was recognised. The need to target specific groups, such as immigrant populations, in preventive programmes and treatment was also identified.

In terms of chronic disease management, discussions focussed on the need for national strategy and action plan in the case of hepatitis B while the establishment of Managed Clinical Networks (MCNs) should be ensured in the case of hepatitis C.

The control of viral hepatitis in the United Kingdom was also seen to be lacking a reliable surveillance system, based on standard laboratory reporting and case notifications. The need for enhanced epidemiological data was mentioned in or-

Web site www.vhpb.org

- Web site
 - Overview of the VHPB
 - Show all previous recommendations and consensus statements
 - All Viral Hepatitis issues as of 1996 can be downloaded
 - Presentations of VHPB meetings are one line since 2001 (224 presentations of in total 297 documents)



VIRAL HEPATITIS PREVENTION BOARD



Meetings and Recommendations

The VHPB has already covered a broad range of control and prevention strategies for all forms of hepatitis

- Surveillance
- Universal programs
- Injection safety and safe blood supply
- HBV mutants and variants
- Prevention and control of viral hepatitis in migrants and refugees
- Behavioural issues in hepatitis B vaccination

- How to reach risk groups
- Combined vaccines
- Economic evaluations
- Hepatitis B vaccination safety issues
- Hepatitis B vaccine and long term efficacy
- Hepatitis infections in health care workers
- Perinatal transmission

Support to the Introduction of hepatitis B vaccination in Europe

- Prevention and control of hepatitis B in Central and Eastern Europe and the Newly Independent States. (Siofock, Hungary, 1996)
- Control of hepatitis B in Europe: Where are we in 1997 (Madrid Spain, Nov 1997) (Vaccine 16 (1998) S11-S16)
- Strengthening immunisation systems and introduction of hepatitis B vaccine in Central and Eastern Europe and the Newly Independent States. (St Petersburg, Russian Federation, 2001)
- Strengthening immunisation systems and introduction of hepatitis B vaccine in Central and Eastern Europe and the Newly Independent States. (Kiev, Ukrain, 2004)

Country meetings

- Italy 2002
- Germany and the Nordic Countries 2003
- France 2004
- UK 2005
- Spain 2006